

INVESTMENT CASTING FEEDING DESIGN BASICS



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ARTICLE TAKEAWAYS:

- Gate & Feeder Bar sizes are based on thermal modulus data from simulation
- Gates are positioned to provide feed metal to the areas that need it
- Simulations for design purposes take only a few minutes

THE DESIGN PROCESS

The general design process consists of the following steps:

- Simulation of the 'Naked' Casting
- Gate Sizing and Feeding Design
- Rigging Geometry Creation
- Verification via CFD/Solidification Simulation

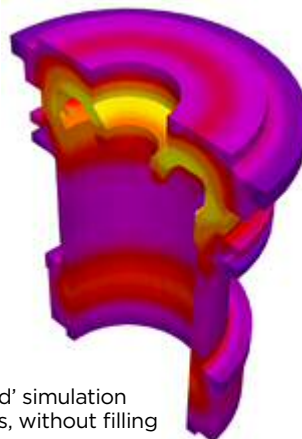
"NAKED" SIMULATION

The first step in the rigging process is to run a simulation of the part 'naked'; without any rigging system. Simulation results show the effects of the part geometry on the overall solidification. In this simulation, filling analysis is typically not done, which provides extremely rapid results, and can point out preferred gate locations which promote directional solidification.

All that is required for the initial simulation is a casting model, normally provided by the customer in STL file format, and basic process details such as casting alloy, shell material, pouring temperature and shell pre-heat temperature.



STL model
of a housing casting



'Naked' simulation
results, without filling

GATE & FEEDER BAR DESIGN

The data from the un-rigged simulation can be used to design the rigging components. The gates are typically designed first, followed by the feeder bar. The software uses the progression of solidification, along with a pattern recognition algorithm, to determine the separate feeding paths on the casting. The software can find the last points to freeze on each feeding path, which are the preferred gate contact points.

Gate and Feeder Bar sizes for each feeding zone are calculated using variations on the well-known Modulus Technique. While the Modulus is a geometric calculation (Volume/Surface Area), solidification time information from the simulation is converted into a 'Thermal Modulus'. This takes into account not only casting alloy and shell material, but also the solidification dynamics of the specific situation, including use of insulating materials such as Kaowool or Fiberfrax wrapping.

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Here are the guidelines for gate and feeder bar sizing:

GATE & FEEDER BAR SIZING

From the Riser Design Wizard, calculate the maximum modulus of the feeding zone

The 2-D Modulus of the casting end of the gate will be equal to the maximum modulus

The 2-D modulus of the feeder bar end of the gate will be 1.2 times the maximum modulus

The 2-D modulus of the feeder bar will ALSO be 1.2 times the maximum modulus

For a square cross-sections, the modulus is the edge length/4

Once we know the maximum modulus in the casting or the feeding zone, we can calculate the appropriate size for a tapered gate, as well as feeder bar dimensions that will adequately feed that part of the casting. This is done in the Riser Design Wizard, which was originally designed to calculate cylindrical risers for the sand casting process. However, it provides good information for investment castings, too. An example of the wizard screens are shown here:

SOLIDCast Riser Design

Riser Calculator Design for Riser 2

Casting Modulus: 1.251 cm
Casting Volume: 1629.375 cc

Riser: Casting Modulus Ratio: 1.2
Required Riser Modulus: 1.501 cm

No Sleeve
 Insulating Sleeve
 Exothermic Sleeve

Riser Modulus Increase Factor: 1

Riser Diameter: 0.000 mm
Riser Height: 0.000 mm
Actual Riser Modulus: 0.000 cm
Height : Diameter Ratio: 0.000

Actual Riser Volume: 0.000 cc
Required Riser Volume: 0.000 cc
Riser Efficiency Factor: 15 %

Use Wodower

Cancel < Back Next > Finish Help



Riser Design Wizard
Feed Area #1

Modulus calculations are used to size both the tapered gate and the feeder bar.

SOLIDCast Riser Design

Riser Calculator Design for Riser 1

Casting Modulus: 0.996 cm
Casting Volume: 929.75 cc

Riser: Casting Modulus Ratio: 1.2
Required Riser Modulus: 1.196 cm

No Sleeve
 Insulating Sleeve
 Exothermic Sleeve

Riser Modulus Increase Factor: 1

Riser Diameter: 0.000 mm
Riser Height: 0.000 mm
Actual Riser Modulus: 0.000 cm
Height : Diameter Ratio: 0.000

Actual Riser Volume: 0.000 cc
Required Riser Volume: 0.000 cc
Riser Efficiency Factor: 15 %

Use Wodower

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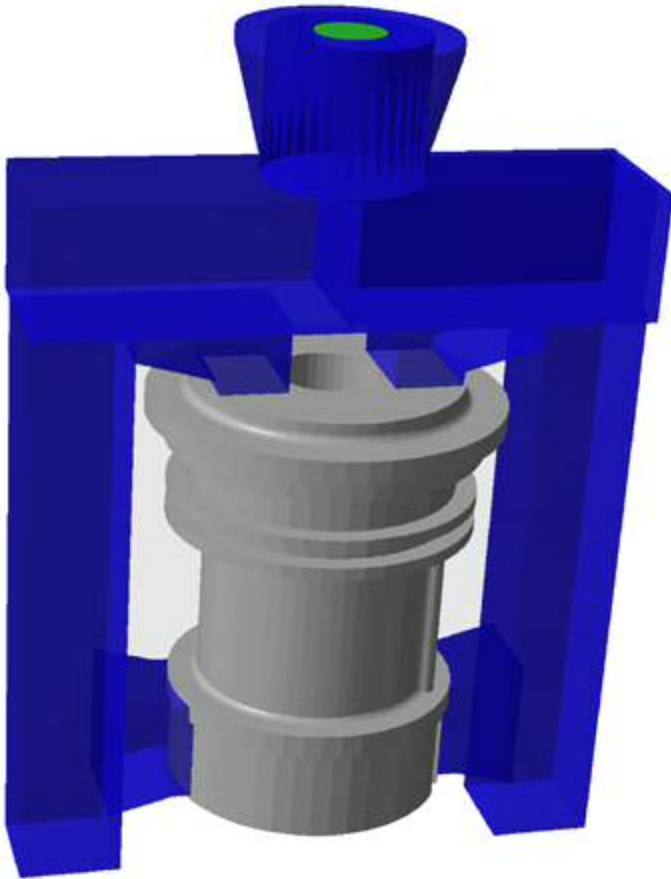


Riser Design Wizard
Feed Area #2

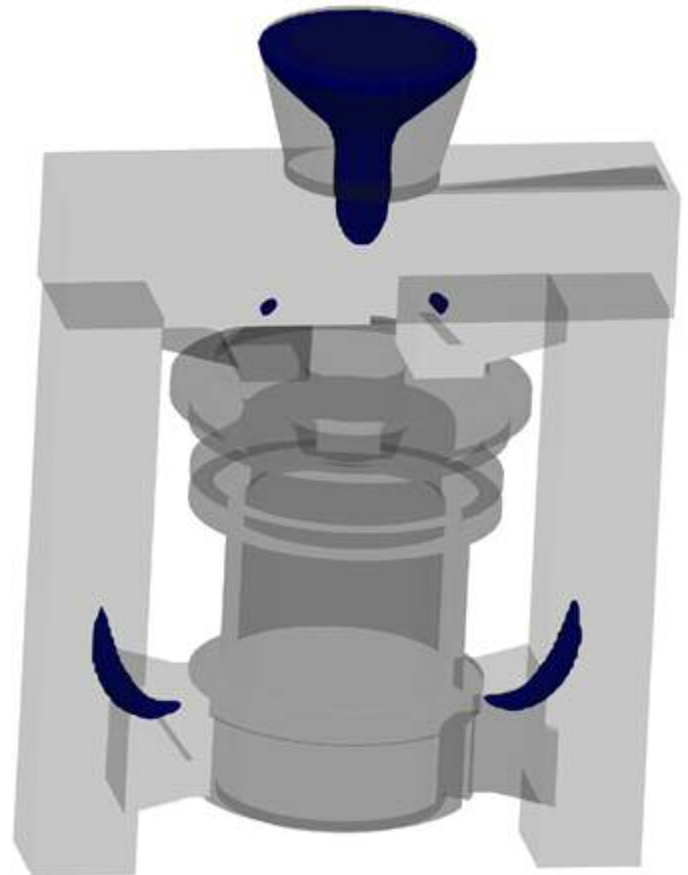
MODELING THE RIGGING SYSTEM

Gate and feeder bar calculations will normally take only a few minutes to perform. Rigging components can be created in CAD or in the simulation software itself. Items that will be used for more than one casting, such as a standard size of pouring cup, can be created in a component format, and re-used as needed, thereby saving considerable time in the model creation phase.

If a library of gating components is developed and used, the entire rigging design process, from loading the unrigged model to having a fully rigged geometry ready for verification simulation, can be as short as 30 minutes or so.



Rigging system added to the casting model, based on Riser Design Wizard results.



Simulation of rigged model, showing feeding from the bar is adequate for a shrink-free casting.



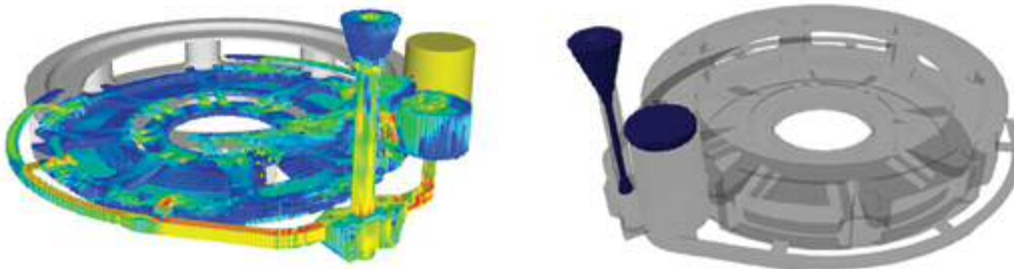
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DESIGN. VERIFY. OPTIMIZE.

NEW!
Version 9.0



From Unrigged Casting to Fully Rigged Model



CFD Analysis and Shrinkage Prediction



SOLIDCast is the **ONLY** system that **INCLUDES** both Gating and Riser Design Wizards, so that simulation actually **HELPS** you to design an effective rigging system, not just test one! Special calculations are included for rigging gray and ductile iron castings, taking advantage of graphite expansion.

SOLIDCast is the **ONLY** system that simultaneously calculates both thermal and volumetric changes during solidification, producing the most accurate shrinkage analysis available.

SOLIDCast is the **ONLY** system that **INCLUDES** true casting process optimization, using **OPTICast™**.

SOLIDCast is the **ONLY** system that runs full simulations in minutes on readily-available standard PCs. Multiple analyses can be run simultaneously using off-the-shelf multi-core machines.

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